

CFPUA Action Plan to Implement Gen-X Response Measures October 2, 2017

Cape Fear Public Utility Authority

- 1. Became operational July 1, 2008
- 2. Service area includes approximately 68,000 customer accounts
- 3. Richardson Nanofiltration Plant operational 2009, permitted capacity of 6 mgd, supplied by 25 wells
- Sweeney WTP upgraded 2012, permitted capacity of 35 mgd, surface water facility
- 23 mgd raw water purchase agreement with LCFWASA

Gen-X Response Measures

- 1. UNCW Support
- 2. Water treatment alternative evaluation for removing PFASs, Gen-X and emerging compounds
- 3. Aquifer Storage and Recovery Program

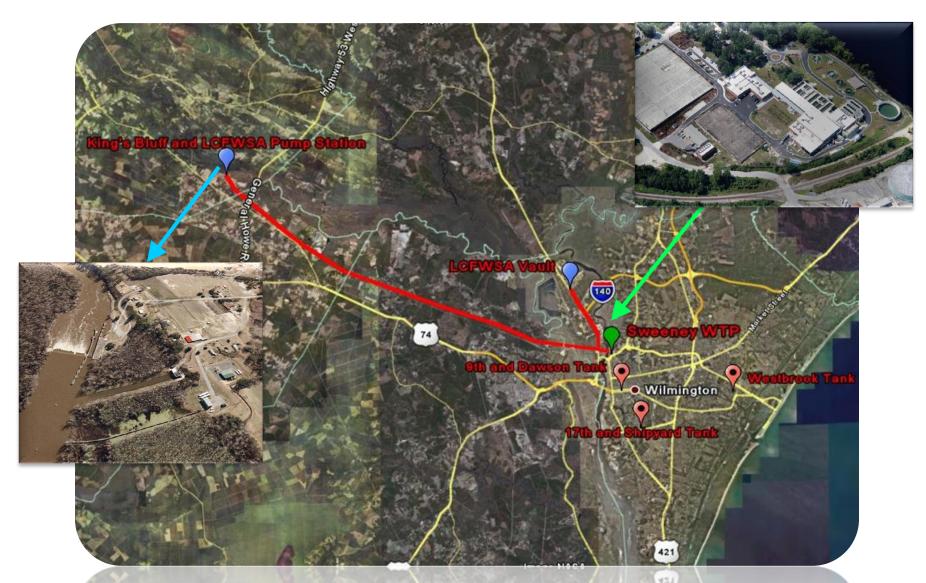
University of North Carolina Wilmington Research and Support

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Identify Compounds in raw water $75,000
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- Study river sediment & other compounds \$ 150,000 (FUTURE)
- Evaluate compounds in finished water \$ 75,000 (FUTURE)

Total = \$300,000

Raw Water System



Sweeney Water Treatment Plant



GAC Pilot Testing

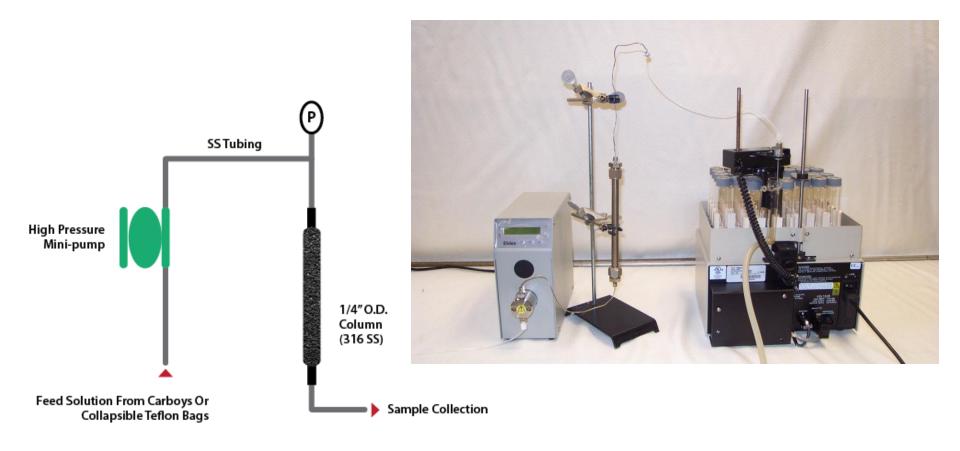




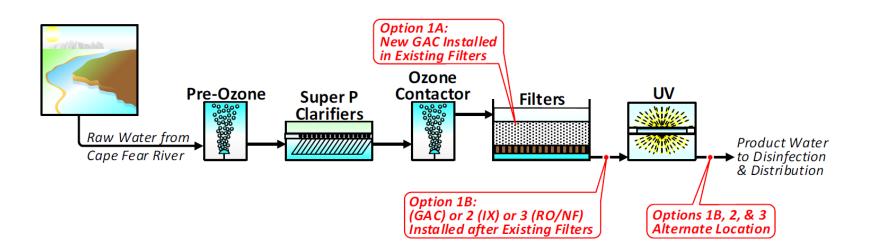
Ion-Exchange Resin Testing



Accelerated Column Test (ACT)



Location of Options on Treatment Process Diagram



Treatment Evaluation Cost Estimates

•	Treatment (Option Ev	aluation	\$ 50,000)
•	Testing cos	ts		\$ 40,000	<u>)</u>

Total = \$90,000

Summary

DESCRIPTION	GAC in Existing Filters	OPT 1-B, GAC Contactors Post-Filtration	Deep Bed Version of 1B	RO/NF Post-Filtration
Initial Cost	\$1.7 million	\$28 million	\$32 million	\$113 million
Annual Operating Costs	\$2.0 million minimum	\$3.3 million to \$6.3 million	\$3.4 million to \$6.4 million/yr	\$3.3 million/yr

- GAC operating costs are based on 6,000 to 12,000 Bed Volumes (BV) based on experience elsewhere with PFAS removal, but not Gen-X. Site specific GAC testing is being conducted to determine the correct BV to assume for treating Cape Fear River water.
- Option 1A's initial cost includes an initial load of GAC media and one-time replacement of sand and gravel. (e) The options would have higher initial costs if standby filters/contactors were added to provide full capacity when units are off-line during GAC replacement events.
- A detailed cost opinion was not prepared for Ion Exchange (IX); however, it is the engineer's opinion that TPW for IX would be roughly in line with Post GAC. As a contingency CFPUA is conducting IX testing.

Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR)

- Cost effective seasonal storage of finished water
- Capacity 0.75 MGD or 750,000 gallons/day
- Store water in PeeDee Aquifer at 140 to 185 ft.



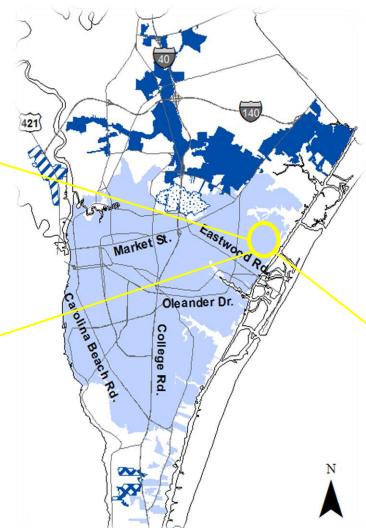
Benefits

- Peak demand source
- Water quality
- Emergency supply

ASR Well









ASR Temporary Withdrawal and Discharge to Sewer

- 50 million gallons stored drinking water from surface water source containing Gen-X
 - Groundwater at CFPUA ASR Well was 830 ppt Gen-X on June 22nd
 - Groundwater at Wrightsville Beach Well #11 was 26 ppt Gen-X on June 22nd
 - Wrightsville Beach Well #11 is approximately 3,400 feet east of CFPUA ASR Well
- Temporary discharge piping and additional monitoring wells were installed
 - Installed temporary discharge piping from CFPUA ASR Well to sanitary sewer
 - Installed two new monitoring wells and sampled all for Gen-X to establish baseline
 - Pumping ASR groundwater to WWTP: Effluent is under 140 ppt health limit
- Began withdrawal from CFPUA ASR Well at 500 gpm September 20th
 - Currently highest level in any production or monitoring well is 91 ppt at ASR site
 - Drawdown cone of influence reaches Wrightsville Beach Well #11
 - Pump until 50 million gallons have been withdrawn, with periodic sampling

ASR Program Cost Estimates*

Engineering \$ 100,000

Construction, testing & Monitoring \$ 500,000

Total = \$600,000

^{*} Not including value of treated water or cost to treat water removed from aquifer

Summary of Anticipated Short Term Costs*

	Total = \$1,075,000
Ongoing Gen-X Monitoring at Sweeney	\$ 85,000
ASR remediation	\$ 600,000
UNCW support	\$ 300,000
Water treatment evaluation	\$ 90,000

^{*} Costs do not include permanent upgrades to Sweeney Plant

Cape Fear Public Utility Authority

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